

LESS THAN 200,000
HERE FIT FOR ARMY

Alien and Non-Draftable Returns Indicate Huge Exemption List.

COUNT SLOW IN CITY

'Silk Stocking' and Downtown Districts Show Out After Big Registry.

Of the 540,000 men registered in New York city under the conscription law a very large proportion will have to be exempted because they are aliens or are included in the non-draftable classes. It appears the number really eligible for military service from which New York's quota of the new army must be drawn will be less than 200,000.

The returns from only four Assembly districts in Manhattan have been classified and tabulated by the Board of Elections. It is impossible accurately to gauge the results in the entire city from these meagre figures, but they do indicate the presence of an astonishing proportion of men of foreign birth, who have not become citizens and therefore cannot be drafted and of men who claim exemption from military duty on the ground of physical disability, dependent relatives or the holding of judicial, legislative or executive office. These three reasons for exemption are recognized by the Government, but of course proof of the claims must be produced eventually and the number entitled to exemption will be very much less than the number registered.

Four Districts Reported.

The four districts completely reported in Manhattan are the Second, which is furthest down town on the East Side; the Fifth, Central Park; the Sixth, on the East Side, between Forty-second and Fifty-sixth streets, and the 'silk stocking' Twenty-ninth, which borders the south end and north of the west side of Central Park. Of the 27,475 registered in these districts 10,570 swear that they are aliens and 10,024 claim exemption on the stipulated grounds. As the aliens and those who asked for exemption are two separate groups, the total number of men who registered as ineligible for military duty is only 6,571 out of the 27,475. This percentage, if extended through the whole city, would make it appear that the number of men eligible for military duty is about 180,000. But as the districts heard from yesterday have, on the average, a greater proportion of aliens than the rest of the city, it is unsafe to judge the other districts too closely by them.

The figures of the four completely counted districts follow:

District	Registered	Aliens	Exempt	Total Ineligible
2d	10,570	4,000	1,000	5,000
5th	10,024	3,500	1,200	4,700
6th	10,000	3,000	1,000	4,000
29th	6,901	2,500	1,000	3,500
Total	37,495	13,000	4,200	17,200

Complete figures for ten of the twenty-three Brooklyn Assembly districts were compiled. They are as follows:

District	Registered	Aliens	Exempt	Total Ineligible
1st	10,000	3,000	1,000	4,000
2d	10,000	3,000	1,000	4,000
3d	10,000	3,000	1,000	4,000
4th	10,000	3,000	1,000	4,000
5th	10,000	3,000	1,000	4,000
6th	10,000	3,000	1,000	4,000
7th	10,000	3,000	1,000	4,000
8th	10,000	3,000	1,000	4,000
9th	10,000	3,000	1,000	4,000
10th	10,000	3,000	1,000	4,000
Total	100,000	30,000	10,000	40,000

It appears from these figures that almost 60 per cent of those registered in the ten Brooklyn districts claimed exemption and that one-third of the total number registered are aliens.

The district registration boards stuck to their tedious task of classification yesterday, but President Boyle of the

60 PERCENT ASK
DRAFT EXEMPTION

Board of Elections, seeing that continuing labor and lack of sleep was beginning to tell, directed those who could not finish with the figures by 7 or 8 o'clock last night to knock off until this morning.

"They have been dealing with figures in many combinations and their brains are beginning to be weary," Mr. Boyle said. "There is no trying to increase inaccuracies due to exhaustion. Early completion of the work is desirable, but accuracy is far more important."

It is believed that when the returns are all in New York will stand up as well as any of the big cities, although with the possible exception of Chicago, where the hardest problem in the shape of the percentage of foreign born registrants.

PLOT BACKERS SOUGHT.

Phillips Urged to Tell Who Planned Anti-Registry Acts.

Now that Charles Francis Phillips, the first man indicted for registering to register for the military draft, has pleaded guilty and acknowledged the charges, the Government is expected to ask Judge Mayer to charge the conspiracy to cause others to avoid registration, on which he was indicted with Miss Eleanor Parker and the other defendants.

The Government authorities, however, have reason to believe that behind Miss Parker and her two friends stood older conspirators, upon whom advice they acted when they tried to get out of military duty. The Government is expected to ask Judge Mayer to charge the conspiracy to cause others to avoid registration, on which he was indicted with Miss Eleanor Parker and the other defendants.

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The public school teacher, Herman Levine, who surrendered himself on Wednesday as a man who preferred imprisonment to registration, pleaded guilty yesterday to violating the draft law and will be sentenced on Wednesday. He is in the Raymond street jail. Before he was arraigned, Marshal Power gave Levine a last chance to put his name on a registration card, but he refused.

Marshall Power had himself sworn in as a registrant yesterday to take care of the many delinquents who want to his office, but he has no application blanks after today.

In the Manhattan Federal Building, United States Attorney Caffery, his assistant, John C. Knox, Capt. William M. Coffey, chief of the New York investigation bureau of the Department of Justice, and several other officials of the Department of Justice, will begin when Washington gives the signal.

All except about fifty of the 153 German and Austrian aliens who were taken to Ellis Island in the two weeks before registration for fear that they might make trouble at registration day have been released. Most of them were noisy denouncers who made a great fuss when the Government grabbed them, but who after a few days' internment were glad to sign a pledge to keep the peace.

The Finest Men's Silk Shirts That Money Can Buy

In the finest color schemes that discrimination can assemble

ORDINARILY, when you have seen one collection of silk shirts you have seen them all. But you cannot see what we have by looking elsewhere! We have never seen a stock of silk shirts to touch our present assortments for originality of pattern and diversity of colorings. They are gorgeous! The colors are those rich deep dyes that do not fade. The designs are the newest arrangements, from the broad blazer stripes to the cluster stripes that blend contrasting shades into a harmony of color. And the workmanship, though ready-made, is as fine as you can get in a custom shirt by waiting for it.

Satin Stripe Tub Silk Shirts	\$3.25
Blazer Stripe Tub Silk Shirts	\$5.00
Crepe and Broadcloth Shirts	\$6.00
Pussy Willow Crepe and Taffeta Silk Shirts	\$8.30
Candy Stripe and Pencil Broadcloth Shirts	\$8.50
Satin Stripe Crepe Shirts	\$10.00
Plain White Silk Shirts	\$3.50 to \$8.50

All Shirts with French Cuffs and Franklin Simon Center Pleat

Men's Furnishings Shop—16 West 38th Street
A Separate Shop on the Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.
Men's Clothing Furnishings Shoes
FIFTH AVENUE

NEARLY A MILLION
REGISTER IN STATE

Exemptions Are Estimated to Be About 64 Per Cent. of the Total.

TEN COUNTIES MISSING

Five Cities Also Still to Report Those Listed as of Military Age.

ALBANY, June 7.—New York State registration Tuesday closed to 1,000,000 men. It was estimated to-night, with returns from five up-State cities and ten counties missing.

On the basis of present figures sent to State registration headquarters in the Albany general office through Gov. Whitman more than 600,000 of those registering came under the so-called "exempt" classification, which includes all those exempt because they hold executive, legislative or judicial office in the State or nation; those exempt because of total disability; those who have one or more dependents; and those who for any other obvious reason have been registered as exempt.

It is pointed out, however, that none of the returns received by the State headquarters gives the number of persons who claimed exemption in answer to question twelve on the Federal registration cards. Some of the returns, however, are exempt may not have claimed this exemption, and others whose answers would not show exemption may have claimed it.

Forty-seven of the fifty-seven counties outside of New York city registered 209,470 men, and of this number 121,982 were reported by the registrars in the exempt class. In twelve cities out of seventeen outside of New York city the total number of men registered is 144,181 and the number put in the exempt class is 86,135. Of the county exemptions 21,871 are neutral or allied aliens and 2,588 enemy aliens, and in the cities out of the exemptions 21,841 were neutral or allied aliens and 1,202 enemy aliens.

Cities and counties up-State reported so far show a total of 322,653 registered. The total of these with New York city is 522,843 and the number of exemptions is 222,127, or 42 per cent of the number registered.

JERSEY LENT TO SLACKERS.

Time of Registration Extended—One Arrest on Treason Charge.

Violators of the registration law in New Jersey are being leniently dealt with, due to instructions from Gov. Edge urging the officials to afford every opportunity for penitents to come forward and sign up for selective service.

The gathering up of slackers is already under way by the Department of Justice, but only a small number of arrests have been made so far. These arrests may grow rapidly in the next few days as machinery of the Department discloses the men who failed to register without a proper excuse.

The largest batch reported in one day for conspiracy came in today. The Illinois authorities nabbed 141 members of the I. W. W. at three towns in Illinois for refusing to register and inspiring others to do the same. It was intimated that this batch might have wider ramifications. It is now under investigation by a special attorney.

LAUD DRAFT RESPONSE.

English Papers Congratulate U. S. on Conscription Results.

LONDON, June 7.—In congratulating the United States on the result of the military registration, the *Westminster Gazette* to-day says that President Wilson and the American Congress were abundantly justified in omitting all the intermediary steps by which other nations passed from voluntarism to compulsory service. "The military material placed at the disposal of the United States Government," continues the newspaper, "is of the highest quality in physique and education, and an army millions strong of exceptional intelligence can be formed from it without disgracing the national life."

The *Westminster Gazette* warns the public that the submarine menace must be continued to be taken seriously and everything done to create a surplus tonnage to enable America to send her armies to Europe. "We believe the next important stage on the road to peace will be reached," the *Gazette* adds, "when Germany realizes that Great Britain cannot be forced into submission for American consented from sending an army to Europe."

America's greatest concern, the newspaper continues, is with the reconstruction of the world after the war. "We rejoice at this," it says, "and we take her aerial influence on these aspects of the struggle as one of our chief grounds for hoping that peace, when it comes, will be the real beginning of a new order and not merely a diplomatic patchwork of the old type."

The *Morning Post* says: "The magnificent response is cordially appreciated in this country. It is a sign of the high part America is destined to play in this great conflict for the restoration and maintenance of civilization. America's naval help already has been of the greatest use, and we look forward to the presence of Americans alongside our troops on land and in the air."

The *Daily Express* says the registration of 1,000,000 men means that perhaps the most heartening event that has happened in three years.

TISZA LIKELY TO
BE PREMIER AGAIN

Rome Hears Hungarian Cabinet Will Be Little Changed.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

ROME, June 7.—It is reported on good authority that Count Tisza, who resigned recently as Hungarian Premier, will be asked by the Emperor-King to form a new ministry, which will slight changes will be the same as that which recently resigned. All attempts to solve the crisis have failed. No cabinet can succeed without Count Tisza and the support of his working majority. The Kaiser is backing Count Tisza, who opposes liberal reform, which would rob Germany of her preponderance in the dual monarchy.

CHICAGO, June 7.—Reports of demonstrations in Bohemia verging on revolt against Austrian rule were received here today by J. F. Smutka, secretary of the Bohemian National Alliance, from Dr. Edward Heger, grand secretary of the Bohemian National Council at Paris. The cablegram said:

"Revolutionary movement in Bohemia. Great riots in Prostějov (Prossnitz), Moravia, Saturday (yesterday). Central and Rudejovske (Rudweis). Fifteen thousand people made a demonstration in Prague before the Governor's palace. Address of the Czech Club, comprising all Czech Deputies not in jail, to the Reichsrath. We demand the union of all Czech-Slovak lands in one democratic state, of which the Slovaks must be a part."

"Club of National Socialist Deputies salutes in public declaration the Russian revolution and the great American democracy. We demand the overthrow of the present government and the establishment of a republic."

5,000 DENIED ZONE PERMITS.

To-morrow Final Day for Filing of Applications.

With Federal officials busy investigating the mass of applications filed by potential registrants for permission to enter the barred zone about State armories, it was estimated yesterday that the number of persons affected by the restriction will be very large.

Some 5,000 aliens, it is believed, will be refused permission to enter the forbidden areas and will be put to the test of finding new places of abode or business. The grounds for rejecting the applications of those people are various, some of them being, it is supposed, under surveillance and others being classified as irresponsible.

United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy explained yesterday that the law will be so immediate that the applications will be taken up until July 4. As they are passed upon, however, the law will be in effect, and the rejection or acceptance, and in the former case the recipient of the notice will be expected to move forthwith from any barred zone that he may be located in.

To-morrow is the final day set by the Attorney-General for filing applications.

YALE TO HAVE WAR BUREAU.

Will Be Established in Paris for Benefit of Graduates.

NEW HAVEN, June 7.—A Yale bureau will be established in Paris for the duration of the war. It was announced today by the university authorities, that it will be designed to minister to the needs of Yale men at or near the front as well as European headquarters and as a bureau of information, advice, help and inquiry, with the cooperation of the Yale Alumni Association of the French capital. More than 300 Yale undergraduates are already serving in France and thousands of students and graduates are fitting with relief service.

Prof. George H. Nettleton of the English department of the Sheffield Scientific School will be the director of the bureau. He plans to go abroad soon to study the situation and make arrangements for starting the work.

TEN HOUR DAY HELD ILLEGAL.

Ruling Made in Case of Arkansas Railroad.

FORT SMITH, Ark., June 7.—A decision of the Department of Justice ruling as illegal the contract of the employees and the Fort Smith and Western Railroad providing for a ten hour day and overtime, which was made previous to the enactment of the Adamson law, was made public at the United States District court's office here today.

When You Pay \$20 at Saks for a Spring Suit

You get more clothes value than this price usually affords

SUITS at this popular price are as common as mosquito screens in Jersey. They are to be found in most any clothes shop, and mostly look alike. Saks suits at \$20 stand out from the crowd wherever they are assembled. They possess an ease of line and a quality of tailoring which enable them to hold their own in company with suits of costlier origin.

Our present assortments include soft roll sacks in single and double-breasted effects, Norfolks and pleated backs, with pockets aslant, patch or regular, in blues, greys, browns and fancy mixtures that are a feast in woollens for men of every stamp and preference.

Saks Clothes Are Saks Made

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

STATE CENSUS LIST
TO TRAP SLACKERS

Government Will Check Up to Detect Anti-Draft Law Evaders.

CANVASSERS NEED CARS

Proclamation Tells Where to Enroll as Home Leaguers Tabulate Citizens.

The house to house canvass whereby the police and Home Defense League are getting the names of all persons between the ages of 18 and 30 years will serve a double purpose. Their lists will be used by the State in checking the results of the military census that is to be taken from June 11 to 21 and detecting men and women who fail to enroll in that period and by the Government in rounding up men between the ages of 21 and 30 who have not registered under the selective draft law.

The Mayor's Committee on National Defense, which is mobilizing automobiles for use in the State census, needs more cars. It requests owners who can place their machines at the disposal of the committee any time in the next two weeks to telephone North 2535, the number of headquarters in the Municipal Building.

E. F. Goodrich, director of the census for this city, sent out a proclamation yesterday telling all persons between the ages of 18 and 30 what to do to be enrolled. He said they should go to any of the 2,500 registration places in the city and there, in the presence of a census agent, sign the census form and the registration card which will be presented to the census agent.

The location of places of registration and enrollment, of which upward of 2,500 will be provided, will be advertised by posters prominently displayed on the premises.

"The hours for registration and enrollment will be as specified on the posters displayed on the respective premises. Opportunity will be given at many of the places to register and enroll as early as 7 A. M. and at other as late as 9 P. M."

"It is especially desired that all persons shall register as early in the registration period as possible."

"Suburbs will be issued for those refusing or neglecting to register, and in the event of any person disobeying a subpoena or refusing to answer proper questions or making an incomplete or equivocal or wilfully false or misleading answer such person will be arrested and punished according to law."

The maximum penalty for failure to submit to the census is six months imprisonment.

So many persons have asked Gov. Whitman about the State's war activities that by his direction Adm. Gen. Stotsbury sent out yesterday a questionnaire designed to give information in the simplest form.

DEPT. UNITS RECRUITS.

The depot units, it is explained, are to be recruited from men who have been honorably discharged from the State and national services on account of disability or who are exempt from military service on account of their age. The units cannot be called upon for service outside the State unless taken over by the Federal Government, but are subject to military duty in any part of the State. They are the successors or representatives of organizations which have been mustered into the Federal service and form the groundwork upon which a new National Guard must be built. A depot unit should have four companies of 100 men each.

MIMEOGRAPH LICENSE HELD TO BE INVALID

Federal Trade Commission Forbids Tying Contract.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The Federal Trade Commission to-day issued an order requiring the A. B. Dick Company of Chicago to cease placing licensing restrictions on its mimeographing machine purchasers to use only certain supplies manufactured by the Dick company or one of its subsidiaries. This is the first adjudication by any tribunal of a violation of the section of the Clayton act, which prohibits tying contracts where the effect thereof may be to lessen substantially competition or tend to create a monopoly.

"The findings as to the facts in the proceedings will lay the basis for the conclusion by the commission that the methods pursued by the respondent in the sale of its goods and in violation of section 3 of the Clayton act, which prohibits tying contracts where the effect thereof may be to lessen substantially competition or tend to create a monopoly."

"The commission finds that the respondent in 1915 controlled from 75 to 85 per cent of the commerce in the United States in stencil duplicating paper, and that the use of tying contracts prevents competing manufacturers from selling their supplies for use on the Dick machines, and that these conditions have imposed burdens upon the users of the Dick machines by compelling them to pay an increased price for the Dick supplies over what they would be required to pay for the supplies of competitors."

It is interesting to note that only such tying contracts are unlawful where the effect may be to lessen substantially competition or tend to create a monopoly in any line of commerce. No hard and fast rule can be made as to what contracts have that effect. It is a question of fact, which must be determined by the commission from the conditions in the industry."

CENSORS SOUTH AMERICAN CABLES.

Cable messages to South America via European headquarters must obey the same regulations as to coding, signatures, information conveyed and so on that have been imposed since the war on messages to Europe. America now censors cables, but as its rules are like the British and French this is the only difference users of the wires will note.

LIBERTY NATIONAL MELON.

Directors Vote to Increase Capital Stock to \$10,000,000.

If the Comptroller of the Currency grants the Liberty National Bank permission to increase its capital stock from \$1,000,000 to \$10,000,000, as recommended yesterday by the board of directors, the stockholders will be allowed to subscribe to the new shares at par on the basis of two shares of new stock for every one of old held. The old stock was quoted at \$50 bid yesterday, so that brokers figured the privilege was worth approximately \$387.

The bank will also ask permission to transfer \$1,000,000 from its undivided profits to surplus. The capital enlargement is due to the growing business of the bank, which has deposits of approximately \$75,000,000.

Under the banking law a national bank cannot lend more than 10 per cent of its capital and surplus to any one borrower, so that an expansion in these two items makes it possible for an institution to make larger individual loans.

MISS SPILLED BLINER ON LIZARD.

Archer G. Jones and his wife, who were passengers on the American liner *Mersey* on April 9, arrived at an American port yesterday with the story that the liner had been wrecked. The passengers were knocked from tables and dishes spilled on diners. All the passengers got off in boats that had been swung out for emergency, and Mr. and Mrs. Jones were two hours adrift.

105,000 RECRUITS SO FAR.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—A total of 105,927 men volunteers has been required for the regular army since April 1 of yesterday's enlistments of 1,166 men New York led with 309, Pennsylvania second with 246.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Will offer most extraordinary values today in

Men's Imported Silk Cravats at \$1

The best known looms of England, France and Italy contributed to this rare collection of cravats. Only as a result of an extraordinary special purchase is it possible for us to give such values at \$1. They were brought to America by a leading importer who simply could not resist buying them, their richness of coloring and harmonious blending of tones surpassing any neckwear silks he had ever seen. We have never before presented such cravats at \$1. They will tempt the man who seldom pays a dollar for his neckwear, and to the man who is in the habit of paying more they will prove a genuine "find." The weaves include:

Italian Grenadines; Spittlefield Squares; Plain but rich French Weaves; English Foulards and Crepes.

3,000 Men's Linen Handkerchiefs 3 for 65c

Genuine linen handkerchiefs are almost impossible to find these days at reasonable cost. These are all initiated handkerchiefs, made of good quality linen, with hemstitched borders a quarter inch wide. We offer them today at this low price as a result of a very special purchase from a reliable French importer. All initials in the lot, but not in each style of lettering. Extraordinary values.

5,000 Silk Scarfs at 55c

A clearance of broken lots of our higher-priced neckwear, combined with a special purchase of Foulard, Crepe Faille, Grenadine, Crepe de Chine, and Mogador Scarfs in a wonderful collection of smart Summer patterns, including a good showing of knitted neckwear.

3,000 Silk Cravats at 39c

Full length four-in-hands in a wide range of Striped, Floral, Spot and Figured designs. All made with the Saks-Service Band, which makes the scarf slip easier and wear longer. Remarkable value.

Men's Pajamas at \$1.15

Well made of Plain or Self Striped Mercerized Fabrics, in White, Tan, Blue, Pink, and Heliotrope. Trimmed with silk frogs.

Men's Summer Pajamas at \$2

Made of fabrics woven specially for pajamas. Plain colors, Jacquard designs, and stripes.

Men's Silk and Cotton Pajamas, \$2.95

Exceptionally well made of plain color, self figured, and neat striped silk and cotton mixtures.

Men's Leather Belts at 85c

Made of fine quality leather with sliding buckle of silver deposit. Cut-out Old English initial.

Men's Leather Belts at 55c

Sheepskin, Pigskin, and White Kidskin Belts with Nickel Buckle.